

## Physics 5455 – Problem set 8

- Charged particle in a homogeneous electric field.** A particle with mass  $m$  and charge  $q$  is placed in a homogeneous electric field  $\vec{E} = E_0\hat{x}$  (in three dimensions).
  - What is its potential energy? What sort of energy eigenstate spectrum (*e.g.* discrete, ...) would you expect for this problem?
  - Find the Hamiltonian in the momentum representation and solve the time-independent Schrödinger equation for eigenfunctions  $\varphi_E(\vec{p})$ . Normalize them.
  - From the result in (b), obtain the corresponding spatial wavefunctions. Hint: you should arrive at Airy functions

$$\text{Ai}(z) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\infty \cos\left(\frac{s^3}{3} + sz\right) ds$$

- Cylindrical quantum wire.** Consider a quantum wire along the  $x$  axis with a confining potential

$$V(\vec{r}) = \begin{cases} -V_0 & 0 \leq y^2 + z^2 \leq a^2 \\ 0 & y^2 + z^2 > a^2 \end{cases}$$

( $V_0$  constant,  $V_0 > 0$ ). Through separation of variables, obtain the form of the bound states in this potential. Write down the conditions that would determine the binding energies, but do not attempt a solution. Hint: you should arrive at Bessel functions. Second hint: asymptotically,

$$I_n(x) \sim \frac{e^x}{\sqrt{2\pi x}}, \quad K_n(x) \sim \frac{e^{-x}}{\sqrt{2\pi x}}$$

as  $x \rightarrow \infty$ .

- Spherical delta shell potential.** Consider a quantum particle in three dimensions, interacting with a spherical delta shell potential

$$V(r) = -\lambda\delta(r - a)$$

( $a, \lambda > 0$ ).

- Obtain its s-wave ( $\ell = 0$ ) scattering states and the reflection amplitude and coefficient for an incoming radial wave  $\exp(-ikr)$ .
- Derive the condition relating  $\lambda$  to  $E$  for the existence of a bound state with  $\ell = 0$ . Determine its normalized wavefunction.